## **UNIVERSITY OF HOUSTON-DOWNTOWN**

## Common Data Set 2000-2001

Published: 05/04/01 Revised: 05/04/01

#### A. GENERAL INFORMATION

#### **A1. Address Information**

Name of College or University:	University of Houston-Downtown
Mailing Address:	One Main Street
City:	Houston
State:	TX
Zip:	77002
Country:	USA
Street Address (if different):	(same as mailing address)
City:	
State:	
Zip:	
Country:	
Main Phone Number:	713.221.8000
WWW Home Page Address:	w w w .uhd.edu
Admissions Phone Number:	713.221.8522
Admissions Toll-free Number:	NA
Admissions Office Mailing Address:	
City:	
State:	
Zip:	
Country:	
Admissions Fax Number:	713.221.8157

Ad	missions E-mail Address:		uhdadmit@dt.uh.edu
Is t	here a separate URL applicase specify:	ation	n site on the Internet? $\square$ Yes $\square$ No If so,
A2	. Source of institutional co	ontro	ol (check one only)
□	Public Private (nonprofit) Proprietary Classify your undergrad	uate	e institution:
□ □ <b>A4</b>	Coeducational college Men's college Women's college . Academic year calendar		
	Semester Quarter		☐ 4-1-4 ☐ Continuous ☐ Differs by program
(de	Trimester Other scribe):		(describe):
<b>A</b> 5	. Degrees offered by your	inst	itution
	Certificate Diploma Associate		Postbachelor's certificate  Master's  Post-master's certificate
	Transfer Terminal		Doctoral First professsional

<b>✓</b>	Bachelor's	First professional certificate
		- I

#### **B. ENROLLMENT AND PERSISTENCE**

**B1.** Institutional Enrollment--Men and Women Provide numbers of students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2000. References to corresponding data elements formerly collected by IPEDS on the Fall Enrollment Survey 1999 (Part A) or currently collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System are supplied below.

Source: Fall 2000 CBM001

	FULL-TIME			PART-TIME		
	Men (1999 IPEDS col. 15)	Women (1999 IPEDS col. 16)	1999 IPEDS line	Men (1999 IPEDS col. 15)	Women (1999 IPEDS col. 16)	1999 IPEDS line
Undergraduates						
Degree-seeking, first- time freshmen			line 1			line 15
Other first-year, degree- seeking			line 2			line 16
All other degree-seeking			lines 3-			lines 17-20
Total degree-seeking						
All other undergraduates enrolled in credit courses			line 7			line 21
Total undergraduates			line 8			line 22
First-professional						
First-time, first- professional students			line 9			line 23
All other first- professionals			line 10			line 24
Total first-professional						
Graduate						
Degree-seeking, first-time			line 11			line 25
All other degree-seeking			line 12			line 26
All other graduates enrolled in credit courses			line 13			line 27
Total graduate						

Total all undergraduates (1999 IPEDS sum of lines 8 and 22 16):  8932	2, cols. 15 and
Total all graduate and professional students (1999 IPEDS success). 15 and 16):	um of lines 14 and 28,
GRAND TOTAL ALL STUDENTS (1999 IPEDS line 29, s	sum of cols. 15 and

**B2.** Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category. Provide numbers of undergraduate students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2000. References to corresponding data elements formerly collected by IPEDS on the Fall Enrollment Survey 1999 (Part A) or currently collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System are supplied below.

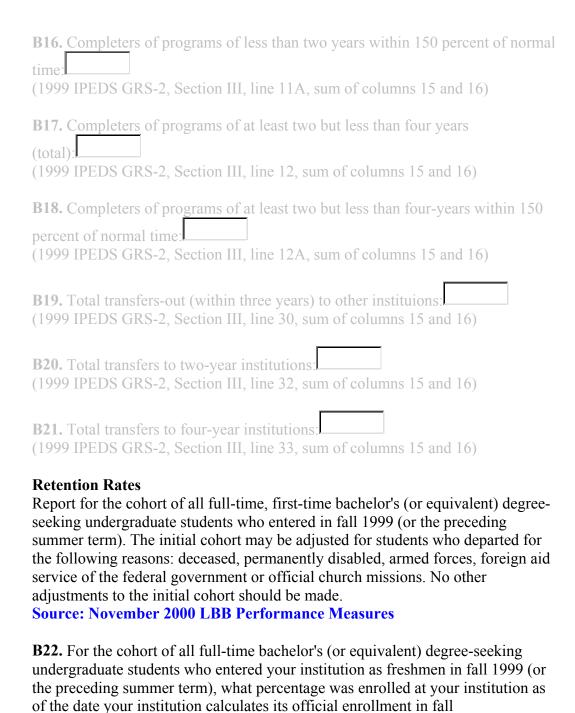
Source: Fall 2000 CBM001

	Degree-seeking First-time First year	I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	Total Undergraduates
	1999 IPEDS sum of lines 1 and 15	1999 IPEDS sum of lines 1-6 and lines 15-20	
Nonresident aliens 1999 IPEDS cols. 1-2			
Black, non-Hispanic 1999 IPEDS cols. 3-4			
American Indian or Alaskan Native 1999 IPEDS cols. 5-6			
Asian or Pacific Islander 1999 IPEDS cols. 7-8			
Hispanic 1999 IPEDS cols. 9-10			
White, non-Hispanic 1999 IPEDS cols. 11-12			
Race/ethnicity unknown 1999 IPEDS cols. 13-14			
Total 1999 IPEDS cols. 15-16			

# B3. Number of degrees awarded by your institution from July 1, 1999, to June 30, 2000.

Source: IPEDS 1999-2000 Complet	ions Survey
Certificate/diploma	
Associate degrees	
Bachelor's degrees	1155
Postbachelor's certificates	
Master's degrees	
Post-master's certificate	
Doctoral degrees	
First professional degrees	
First professional certificates	
elements, see the IPEDS GRS instructions survey or the 2000 Web-based survey  For Bachelor's or Equivalent Programment for the cohort of full-time first seeking undergraduate students who experience in the seeking undergraduate students who exp	
<b>B4.</b> Initial 1994 cohort of first-time, f seeking undergraduate students; total (1999 IPEDS GRS, Section II, Part A	
the following reasons: deceased, perm	any did not persist and did not graduate for nanently disabled, armed forces, foreign aid official church missions; total allowable, line 45, sum of columns 15 and 16)
<b>B6.</b> Final 1994 cohort, after adjusting (Subtract question B5 from question I	

<b>B7.</b> Of the initial 1994 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 1998): (1999 IPEDS GRS, Section II, Part A, line 19, sum of columns 15 and 16)
<b>B8.</b> Of the initial 1994 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 1998 and by August 31, 1999):  (1999 IPEDS GRS, Section II, Part A, line 20, sum of columns 15 and 16)
<b>B9.</b> Of the initial 1994 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 1999 and by August 31, 2000):  (1999 IPEDS GRS, Section II, Part A, line 21, sum of columns 15 and 16)
B10. Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9):  (1999 IPEDS GRS, Section II, Part A, line 18, sum of columns 15 and 16)
<b>B11.</b> Six-year graduation rate for 1994 cohort (question B10 divided by question B6):
For Two-Year Institutions:
<b>B12.</b> Initial 1997 cohort, total of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking students: (1999 IPEDS GRS-2, Section III, line 10, sum of columns 15 and 16)
<b>B13.</b> Of the initial 1997 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: deceased, permanently disabled, armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missons; total allowable exclusions:  (1999 IPEDS GRS-2, Section III, line 45, sum of columns 15 and 16)
<b>B14.</b> Final 1997 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: (Subtract question B13 from question B12)
<b>B15.</b> Completers of programs of less than two years duration (total): (1999 IPEDS GRS-2, Section III, line 11, sum of columns 15 and 16)



#### C. FIRST-TIME, FIRST-YEAR (FRESHMAN) ADMISSION

#### **Applications**

20002

%

C1. First-time, first-year (freshman) students: Provide the number of degree-seeking, first-time, first-year students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled

(full- or part-time) in fall 2000. Include early decision, early action, and students who began studies during summer in this cohort. Applicants should include only those students who fulfilled the requirements for consideration for admission (i.e., who completed actionable applications) and who have been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution). Admitted applicants should include wait-listed students who were subsequently offered admission. Source: Fall 2000 THECB CBM001 and CBM00B Reports

Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who applied	753
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who applied	902
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who were admitted	
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who were admitted	
Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	
Total part-time first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	
Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled	
Total part-time first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled	
C2. Freshman wait-listed students (students requirements but whose final admission wa	
Do you have a policy of placing students on a waiting list?	Yes No
If yes, please answer the questions below for f	all 2000 admissions:
Number of qualified applicants placed on waiting list	
Number accepting a place on the waiting list	
Number of wait-listed students admitted	
Admission Requirements	

Check the appropriate box to identify your high school completion requirement for degree-seeking entering students:

C3. High school completion requirement

~	High school diploma is required and GED is accepted
	High school diploma is required and GED is not accepted
	High school diploma or equivalent is not required
	Does your institution require or recommend a general college- eparatory program for degree-seeking students?
	Require
	Recommend
	Neither require nor recommend

**C5. Distribution of high school units required and/or recommended.** Specify the distribution of academic high school course units required and/or recommended of all or most degree-seeking students using Carnegie units (one unit equals one year of study or its equivalent). If you use a different system for calculating units, please convert.

	Units Required	Units Recommended	
Total academic units			
English			
Mathematics			
Science			
Of these, units that must be lab			
Foreign language			
Social studies			
History			
Academic electives			
Other (specify)			

#### **Basis for Selection**

**C6.** Do you have an open admission policy, under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications? If so, check which applies:

Open admission policy						
Open admission policy as described above for all students, but  selective admission for out-of-state students						
selective admission						
other (explain)	ii to some progra					
other (explain)						
C7. Relative important factors in your first-tidecisions.			_			
Ve	ery Important I	mportant	Considered No	ot Considered		
Academic						
Secondary school record						
Class rank						
Recommendation(s)						
Standardized test scores						
Essay						
	Very Important	Importa	nt Considered	Not Considered		
Nonacademic						
Interview						
Extracurricular activities						
Talent/ability						
Character/personal qualities						
Alumni/ae relation						
Geographical residence						
State residency						
Religious affiliation/commitment						
Minority status						
Volunteer work						

Work experience					<b>V</b>			
SAT and ACT Po	olicies							
	C8. Entrance exams  A. Does your institution make use of SAT I, SAT II, or ACT scores in admission							
If yes, place check	decisions for first-time, first-year, degree-seeking applicants? Yes No If yes, place check marks in the appropriate boxes below to reflect your institution's policies for use in admission.							
		ADMISSION						
	Require	Recommend	Require for Some	Consider If Submitted	Not Used			
SAT I								
ACT								
SAT I or ACT (no preference)								
SAT I or ACTSAT I preferred								
SAT I or ACTACT preferred								
SAT I and SAT II								
SAT I and SAT II or ACT								
SAT II								
In addition, does your institution use applicants' test scores for placement or counseling?  Placement Yes No  Counseling Yes No								
B. Does your institution use the SAT I or II, or the ACT for <b>placement only</b> ? If so, please mark the appropriate boxes below:					t only? If			
	I	PLACEMENT						
	Require	Recommend	Require for Some					
SAT I								

SAT II				
ACT				
SAT I or A	ACT			
adn	nission:			nust be received for fall-term eived for fall-term admission:
				st policies (e.g., if tests are not required of some students):
Fre	eshman Profile			
first stude alies C9 in fine (free score) sho sco	st-time, first-year (dents who began strens, and students add. Percent and numberal 2000 who submitted information for eshman) students ares (e.g., mathemat mathematical de recentered sould be recentered standar	freshman) sudies during mitted under liber of first-initted nation or ALL enrol who submittics scores budized test rescores. The 25	tudents enrosummer, interspecial arraitime, first-ynal standard lled, degreed test score to not verbal aults (such as 5th percentile	-seeking, full-time and part-time, olled in fall 2000, including ernational students/nonresident ingements.  ear (freshman) students enrolled lized (SAT/ACT) test scores. Seeking, first-time, first-year es. Do not include partial test for a category of students) or TOEFL) in this item. SAT scores e is the score that 25 percent the one that 25 percent scored at or
scores	omitting SAT		scores	ubmitting SAT ubmitting ACT
scores			scores	
		25th Pe	rcentile	75th Percentile
	SAT I Verbal			
	SAT I Math			
	ACT Composite			
	ACT English			

ACT Math	

Percent of first-time, first-year (freshman) students with scores in each range:

	SAT I Verbal	SAT I Math
700-800		
600-699		
500-599		
400-499		
300-399		
200-299		

	ACT Composite	ACT English	ACT Math
30-36			
24-29			
18-23			
12-17			
6-11			
Below 6			

C10. Percent of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school class rank within each of the following ranges (report information for those students from whom you collected high school rank information).

Percent in top tenth of high school	
graduating class	
Percent in top quarter of high school	
graduating class	
Percent in top half of high school	
graduating class	
Percent in bottom half of high school	
graduating class	
Percent in bottom quarter of high school	
graduating class	

Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted high school class

ık:	
(fi	11. Percentage of all enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year reshman) students who had high school grade-point averages within each of e following ranges (using 4.0 scale). Report information only for those udents from whom you collected high school GPA.
	Percent who had GPA of 3.0 and nigher
]	Percent who had GPA between 2.0
]	Percent who had GPA between 1.0 and 1.99
]	Percent who had GPA below 1.0
C	12. Average high school GPA of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year
(fi	reshman) students who submitted GPA:
	ercent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted high hool GPA:
A	dmission Policies
So	urce: Student Affairs
C	13. Application fee
A	bes your institution have an application fee? Yes No mount of application fee:  an it be waived for applicants with financial need?  Yes No
	14. Application closing date
$\mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{j}}$	pes your institution have an application closing date?  Yes No  polication closing date (fall):
C	15. Are first-time, first-year students accepted for terms other than the

C16. Notification to applicants of admission decision sent (fill in one only)
On a rolling basis beginning (date):
By (date):
Other: On a rolling bas
C17. Reply policy for admitted applicants (fill in one only)
Must reply by (date):
No set date:
Must reply by May 1 or within weeks if notified thereafter
Other:
<b>C18. Deferred admission:</b> Does your institution allow students to postpone enrollment after admission?
Yes No
If yes, maximum period of postponement:
C19. Early admission of high school students: Does your institution allow high school students to enroll as full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students one
year or more before high school graduation? Yes No
<b>C20. Common application:</b> Will you accept the common application distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals if submitted?
Yes No
If "yes," are supplemental forms required? Yes No
Is your college a member of the Common Application Group? Yes No
Early Decision and Early Action Plans
<b>C21. Early decision:</b> Does your institution offer an early decision plan (an admission plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date and that asks students to commit to attending if accepted) for first-time, first-year (freshman) applicants for
fall enrollment? Yes No
If "yes," please complete the following:

en			P.
	Трричины	Tameteu Applicants	Zinonou reppireures
	e-seeking transfer stud	lents in fall 2000.	Enrolled Applicants
IN			
		ompleted at other colleges/ur	niversities? Yes
			edit by transferring credits
<b>D1.</b> D	Ooes your institution en	nroll transfer students?	Yes No
Fall A	Applicants		
	D.	TRANSFER ADMISSION	N
Early	action notification dat	te:	
		c tollowing.	
		o following:	
are no	otified of an admission	decision well in advance of	the regular notification
C22.	Early action: Do you	have a nonbinding early act	ion plan whereby students
	1 1	5	
For t	he Fall 2000 entering	class:	
			_
First	or only early decision	plan notification date:	
First			
	Other Other For the Number Number Please C22. are not date by If "yes Early Early Early Early D1. If no If yes earned Number Num	Other early decision plan of the Fall 2000 entering Number of early decision and Number of applicants admit Please provide significant decision and Number of applicants admit Please provide significant decision date but do not have to combate but do not have but do not have but do not have but do not have but do not	Early action closing date:  D. TRANSFER ADMISSION  Fall Applicants  D1. Does your institution enroll transfer students?  (If no, please skip to Section E)  If yes, may transfer students earn advanced standing cree earned from course work completed at other colleges/ur  No  D2. Provide the number of students who applied, were a degree-seeking transfer students in fall 2000.  Applicants  Admitted Applicants

## **Application for Admission**

<b>D3.</b> Indicate terms for which transfers may enroll:						
Fall Winter Spring Summer Summer						
<b>D4.</b> Must a transfer applicant have a minimum number of credits completed or else must apply as an entering freshman?						
	at is the mini		eredits and the un			
D3. Indica	Required of All	-	Recommended of Some	Required of Some	Not required	
High school transcript						
College transcript(s)						
Essay or personal statement						
Interview						
Standardized test scores						
Statement of good standing from prior institution(s)						

**D9.** List application priority, closing, notification, and candidate reply dates for transfer students. If applications are reviewed on a continuous or rolling basis, place a check mark in the "Rolling admission" column.

	<b>Priority Date</b>	<b>Closing Date</b>	Notification Date	Reply Date	Rolling Admission		
Fall	August 1						
Winter							
Spring							
Summer					Х		
	<ul> <li>D10. Does an open admission policy, if reported, apply to transfer students?</li> <li>Yes □ No</li> <li>D11. Describe additional requirements for transfer admission, if applicable:</li> </ul>						
D c: (*	redit:	owest grade earn	ned for any cours	part of the Texas F			
D	Coordinating Board approved transfer curricula for each major.)  D13. Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a two-year institution:						
N	Number: Unit type:						
	<b>D14.</b> Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a four-year institution:						
N	Number: Unit type:						
	<b>915.</b> Minimum no earn an associa		that transfers m	ust complete at y	our institution		
	<b>16.</b> Minimum no earn a bachelor		that transfers m	ust complete at y	our institution		

#### **D17.** Describe other transfer credit policies:

Minimum 25% of degree hours must be completed at institution

#### E. ACADEMIC OFFERINGS AND POLICIES

**E1. Special study options:** Identify those programs available at your institution. Refer to the glossary for definitions. Accelerated program Honors program Cooperative (work-study) **Independent study** program Cross-registration **Internships** Liberal arts/career combination **Distance learning Double major** Student-designed major **Dual enrollment** Study abroad **English as a Second Language Teacher certification program** (ESL) Exchange student program Weekend college (domestic) External degree program Other (specify): E3. Areas in which all or most students are required to complete some course work prior to graduation: Humanities **Arts/fine arts Computer literacy Mathematics English (including** Philosophy composition) Foreign languages Sciences (biological or physical) **History Social science** 

Other (describe):		
Literature, Political Science, Speech		
Library Collections*		
Source: FY00 Texas Academic Libra	ries Survey	
Report the number of holdings. Refer to Survey, Part D, for corresponding equiv		nic Libraries
<b>E4.</b> Books, serial backfiles, electronic of	documents, and government	nt documents
(titles) that are accessible through the li lines 27 and 29, column 2) <b>E5.</b> Current serial subscriptions (paper,	-	(sum of
(sum of lines 30 and 31,	column 2)	
E6. Microforms (units):	(line 28, column 2)	
E7. Audiovisual materials (units):	(line 32, column	n 2)
F1. Percentages of first-time, first-yes seeking undergraduates enrolled in f		_
	First-time, first-year (freshman) students	Undergraduates
cent who are from out of state(exclude rnational/nonresident aliens)		
cent of men who join fraternities		
cent of women who join sororities		
cent who live in college-owned, -operated, affiliated housing		
cent who live off campus or commute		
cent of students age 25 and older		
erage age of full-time students		
erage age of all students (full- and part-		

ΓZ,	. Activities offered fae	nury	tnose programs av	anac	ole at your institution.
	Choral groups Concert band Dance Drama/theater Jazz band Literary magazine ROTC (program offerps)	□ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □	Marching band Music ensembles Musical theater Opera Pep band Radio station n cooperation with	▼ □ □ Rese	Student government Student newspaper Student-run film society Symphony orchestra Television station Yearbook erve Officers' Training
Arı	my ROTC is offered: On campus  At cooperating instit	tutio	n (name):		
	val ROTC is offered: On campus At cooperating institu Force ROTC is offere On campus	tion			
	At cooperating institu	pes	of college-owned, -	oper	rated, or -affiliated housin
	Coed dorms Men's dorms				sing for disabled students
	Women's dorms  Apartments for marrie  Apartments for single  Other housing options	stud	Fraterniudents Cooper	_	prority housing housing

#### G. ANNUAL EXPENSES

Provide 2001-2002 academic year costs for the following categories that are applicable to your institution.

G1. Undergraduate full-time tuition, required fees, room and board List the typical tuition, required fees, and room and board for a full-time undergraduate student for the FULL 2001-2002 academic year. A full academic year refers to the period of time generally extending from September to June; usually equated to two semesters or trimesters, three quarters, or the period covered by a four-one-four plan. Room and board is defined as double occupancy and 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan. Required fees include only charges that all full-time students must pay that are *not* included in tuition (e.g., registration, health, or activity fees.) Do *not* include optional fees (e.g., parking, laboratory use).

\*Note: Data provided are for AY00-01 based on 12 credit hours in Fall and 12 credit hours in Spring. (24 credit hours for Academic year of Fall 01/Spring 02).

All fees subject to change without notice.

**Source: Fall 2001 Class Schedule** 

	FIRST-YEAR	UNDERGRADUATES
PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS:		
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS In-District:	\$2,006.00	\$2,006.00
In-state (out-of-district):		
Out-of-state:		\$7,166.00
NONRESIDENT ALIENS:		
REQUIRED FEES:		
ROOM AND BOARD (on-campus):		
ROOM ONLY: (on-campus)		
BOARD ONLY: (on- campus meal plan)		

separate tuition	and room and board	l board fee (if your colle fees):	ge came of provin
Other: One-time	\$10 general property depos	sit fee required of all new	
	credits per term a s	student can take for the	e stated full-tin
G3. Do tuition :	and fees vary by yes	ar of study (e.g., sopho	more. junior.
$\frac{1}{\text{senior}}$ ?		or search (e.g., sopnor	, <b>j</b> ,
,			.1
describe briefly		ergraduate instruction	ai program,
	e estimated expense	s for a typical full-time	undergraduat
student:			
	Residents	Commuters (living at home)	Commuters ( living at hor
Books and			
supplies:			
Room only:			
Room only:  Board only:			
Board only: Transportation: Other			
Board only: Transportation:			
Board only: Transportation: Other expenses:	luate per-credit-hou	ar charges:	
Board only: Transportation: Other expenses:	luate per-credit-hou PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS:	ar charges:	
Board only: Transportation: Other expenses:	PRIVATE	ar charges:	
Board only: Transportation: Other expenses:	PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS: PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS I		
Board only: Transportation: Other expenses:  G6. Undergrad	PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS: PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS I district:		
Board only: Transportation: Other expenses:  G6. Undergrad	PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS: PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS I		

ALIENS:	

#### H. FINANCIAL AID

#### Aid Awarded to Enrolled Undergraduates

H1. Enter total dollar amounts awarded to full-time and less-than-full-time degree-seeking undergraduates (using the same cohort reported in CDS Question B1, "total degree-seeking" undergraduates) in the following categories. Include aid awarded to international students (i.e., those not qualifying for federal aid). Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be reported in the need-based aid columns. (For a suggested order of precedence in assigning categories of aid to cover need, see the entry for "non-need-based gift aid" on the last page of the definitions section.)

Indicate the academic year for which data are reported for items H1, H2, H2A, and H6 below:

~	2000-2001 estimated or $\Box$	1999-2000 final
---	-------------------------------	-----------------

	Need-based	Non-need-based
	\$	\$
Scholarships/Grants		
Federal		
State		
Institutional (endowment, alumni, or other institutional awards) and external funds awarded by the college excluding athletic aid and tuition waivers (which are reported below)		
Scholarships/grants from external sources (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit) not awarded by the college		
Total Scholarships/Grants		
Self-Help		
Student loans from all sources (excluding parent loans)		

Federal Work-Study	\$300,000	
State and other work- study/employment	\$16,974	\$0
Total Self-Help		\$872,826
Parent Loans		
Tuition Waivers		\$0
Athletic Awards		\$0

**H2.** Number of Enrolled Students Receiving Aid: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who applied for and received financial aid. Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort receiving the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

	First-time Full-time Freshman	Full-time Undergrad (Incl. Fresh)	Less Than Full-time Undergrad
a) Number of degree-seeking undergraduate students (CDS Item B1 if reporting on Fall 2000 Cohort)			
b) Number of students in line a who were financial aid applicants (include applicants for all types of aid)			
c) Number of students in line <b>b</b> who were determined to have financial need			
d) Number of students in line <b>c</b> who received any financial aid			
e) Number of students in line <b>d</b> who received any need-based gift aid			
f) Number of students in line <b>d</b> who received any need-based self-help aid			
g) Number of students in line <b>d</b> who received any non-need-based gift aid			
h) Number of students in line <b>d</b> whose need was fully met (exclude PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)			

i) On average, the percentage of need that was met of students who received any need-based aid. Exclude any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	67.38 %	67.57 %	NA %
j) The average financial aid package of those in line <b>d</b> . Exclude any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	\$ 5456	\$ 5465	S NA
k) Average need-based gift award of those in line e	\$ 3536	\$ 3536	\$ NA
l) Average need-based self-help award (excluding PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans) of those in line <b>f</b>	\$ 3301	\$ 3341	\$ NA
m) Average need-based loan (excluding PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans) of those in line <b>f</b> who received a need-based loan	\$ 402	\$ 436	s NA

**H2A.** Number of Enrolled Students Receiving Non-need-based Grants and Scholarships: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who had no financial need and who received non-need-based gift aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort receiving the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

	First-time Full-time Freshman	Full-time Undergrad (Incl. Fresh)	Less Than Full-time Undergrad
n) Number of students in line a who had no financial need and who received non-need-based gift aid (exclude those receiving athletic awards and tuition benefits)			
o) Average dollar amount of non-need-based gift aid awarded to students in line <b>n</b>	\$	\$	\$
p) Number of students in line a who received a non-need-based athletic grant or scholarship			
q) Average dollar amount of non-need-based athletic grants and scholarships awarded to students in line <b>p</b>	\$	\$	\$

	: Which needs-analysis methodology does your institution use in awarding titutional aid?
	Federal methodology (FM) Institutional methodology (IM) Both FM and IM
Jun sub	Percent of 2000 undergraduate class who graduated between July 1, 1999 and the 30, 2000 and borrowed through any loan programs (federal, state, esidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; exclude parent loans). Include only dents who borrowed while enrolled at your institution.
	Average per-borrower cumulative undergraduate indebtedness of those in line. Do not include money borrowed at other institutions: \$
	I to Undergraduate Degree-seeking Nonresident Aliens (Note: Report mbers and dollar amounts for the same academic year checked in item H1.)
	Indicate your institution's policy regarding financial aid for undergraduate gree-seeking nonresident aliens:
	College-administered need-based financial aid is available  College-administered non-need-based financial aid is available  College-administered financial aid is not available
non	college-administered financial aid is available for undergraduate degree-seeking nresident aliens, provide the number of undergraduate degree-seeking nresident aliens who received need-based or non-need-based aid:
	erage dollar amount awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident
	ral dollar amount of financial aid from all sources awarded to all undergraduate gree-seeking nonresident aliens:
Pro	ocess for First-Year/Freshman Students
	• Check off all financial aid forms domestic first-year (freshman) financial aid

**FAFSA** 

✓ Institution's own financial aid form
CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE
State aid form
Noncustodial (Divorced/Separated) Parent's Statement
Business/Farm Supplement
Other:
<b>H8.</b> Check off all financial aid forms nonresident alien first-year financial aid applicants must submit:
Institution's own financial aid form
CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE
Foreign Student's Financial Aid Application
Foreign Student's Certification of Finances
Other:
H9. Indicate filing dates for first-year (freshman) students:
Priority date for filing required financial aid forms:
Deadline for filing required financial aid forms:  No deadline for filing required forms (applications processed on a rolling basis):
H10. Indicate notification dates for first-year (freshman) students (answer a or b):
a) Students notified on or about (date):
b) Students notified on a rolling basis: Yes No If yes, starting date:
H11. Indicate reply dates:
Students must reply by (date): or within weeks of notification.
Types of Aid Available
H12. Loans

	FEDERAL DIRECT STUDENT LOAN PROGRAM (DIRECT LOAN)										
	Direct Subsidiz	Direct Subsidized Stafford Loans									
	Direct Offsuosi	idized Stafford Loa	ans								
	Direct PLUS L	oans									
F	EDERAL FAMII	Y EDUCATION	LOAN PI	ROGRAM (FFEL	)						
V	TTEL Subsidi	ized Stafford Loa	ns								
V	FFEL Unsubsidized Stafford Loans										
V	FFEL PLUS Loans										
	Federal Perkins Loans										
Е											
	College/univer	sity loans from ins	titutional	funds							
	Other (specify)	):									
E	I13. Scholarships	and Grants									
N	Veed-Based:										
	Federal Pell										
	SEOG										
	State scholars	hips/grants									
	Private schola	rships									
	College/unive	rsity gift aid from	instituti	onal funds							
	United Negro	College Fund									
	redetai Nuisiii	g Scholarship									
	Other (specify)	):									
Е	I14. Check off cri	teria used in award	ling instit	utional aid. Check	all that apply.						
Non- need	Need-based		Non- need	Need-based							
		Academics			Leadership						
		Alumni affiliations			Minority status						

	Art		<b>V</b>	Music/drama
	Athletics			Religious affiliation
	Job skills	~		State/district residency
	ROTC			

#### I. INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AND CLASS SIZE

# I-1. Please report number of instructional faculty members in each category for Fall 2000.

The following definition of instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey. Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructional-research staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Institutions are asked to EXCLUDE:

- (a) instructional faculty in preclinical and clinical medicine
- (b) administrative officers with titles such as dean of students, librarian, registrar, coach, and the like, even though they may devote part of their time to classroom instruction and may have faculty status,
- (c) undergraduate or graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses, but have titles such as teaching assistant, teaching fellow, and the like
- (d) faculty on leave without pay, and
- (e) replacement faculty for faculty on sabbatical leave.

Full-time: faculty employed on a full-time basis

Part-time: faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Also includes adjuncts and part-time instructors. Minority faculty: includes faculty who designate themselves as black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaskan native; Asian or Pacific Islander; or Hispanic.

*Doctorate:* includes such degrees as Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, Doctor of Public Health, and Doctor of Philosophy degree in any field such as agronomy, food technology, education, engineering, public administration, ophtalmology, or radiology.

First-professional: includes the fields of dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (DPharm or BPharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DBM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), law (JD) and theological professions (MDiv, MHL).

Terminal degree: the highest degree in a field: example M Arch (architecture)

*Terminal degree:* the highest degree in a field: example, M.Arch (architecture) and MFA (Master of Fine Arts).

	Full-time	Part-time	Total
a.) Total number of instructional faculty	194	258	452
b.) Total number who are members of minority groups	27	71	98
c.) Total number who are women			
d.) Total number who are men			242
e.) Total number who are nonresident aliens (international)			
f.) Total number with doctorate, first professional, or other terminal degree	139	61	200
g.) Total number whose highest degree is a master's but not a terminal master's			
h.) Total number whose highest degree is a bachelor's			
i.) Total number whose highest degree is unknown or other (Note: Items <b>f</b> , <b>g</b> , <b>h</b> , and <b>i</b> must sum up to item <b>a</b> .)			

#### I-2. Student to Faculty Ratio

Report the Fall 2000 ratio of full-time equivalent students (full-time plus 1/3 part-time) to full-time equivalent instructional faculty (full-time plus 1/3 part-time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in stand-alone graduate or professional programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, business, or public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate level students. Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants as faculty.

Fall 2000 Student to Faculty rati	o:to 1.

# I-3. Undergraduate Class Size

Source: Fall 2000 CBM004

In the table below, please use the following definitions to report information about the size of classes and class sections offered in the Fall 2000 term.

Class Sections: A class section is an organized course offered for credit,

identified by discipline and number, meeting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeking undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships, foreign language taped tutor sessions, practicums, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

Class Subsections: A class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course. Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled for credit. As above, exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of cross-listings.

Using the above definitions, please report for each of the following class-size intervals the number of *class sections* and *class subsections* offered in Fall 2000. For example, a lecture class with 800 students who met at another time in 40 separate labs with 20 students should be counted once in the "100+" column in the class section column and 40 times under the "20-29" column of the class subsections table.

#### **Number of Class Sections with Undergraduates Enrolled**

#### **Undergraduate Class Size (provide numbers)**

									<u> </u>				,				1
	2-9	9	10-19		20-29 30-39 40-49		50-99 10		10	100+		tal					
CLASS SECTIONS	45		281		378	3	259	)	76		37		0		107	6	
		2-9	9	10-	-19	20-	-29	30-	39	40-	-49	50-	.99	10	0+	То	tal
CLASS SUBSECTION	ONS																

#### J. DEGREES CONFERRED

Degrees conferred between July 1, 1999 and June 30, 2000

Reference: IPEDS Completions, Part A

**Source: IPEDS Completions 99-00** 

For each of the following discipline areas, provide the percentage of diplomas/certificates, associate, and bachelor's degrees awarded.

Category	Diploma/Certificates	Associate	Bachelor's	CIP Categories to Include
Agriculture				1 and 2
Architecture				4
Area and ethnic studies				5
Biological/life sciences			1% (n=13)	26
Business/marketing			45% (n=518)	8 and 52
Communications/communication technologies				9 and 10
Computer and information sciences			3% (n=31)	11
Education				13
Engineering/engineering technologies			3% (n=34)	14 and 15
English			3% (n=41)	23
Foreign languages and literature				16
Health professions and related sciences				51
Home economics and vocational home economics				19 and 20
Interdisciplinary studies				30
Law/legal studies				22
Liberal arts/general studies				24
Library science				25
Mathematics			1% (n=8)	27
Military science and technologies				28 and 29
Natural resources/environmental science				3
Parks and recreation				31

Personal and miscellaneous services				12
Philosophy, religion, theology				38 and 39
Physical sciences			1% (n=7)	40 and 41
Protective services/public administration			10% (n=120)	43 and 44
Psychology				42
Social sciences and history			6% (n=74)	45
Trade and industry				46, 47, 48, and 49
Visual and performing arts				50
Other				
TOTAL	100%	100%	100% (n=1155)	

#### **Common Data Set Definitions 2000**

All definitions related to the financial aid section appear at the end of the Definitions document.

Items preceded by an asterisk (\*) represent definitions agreed to among publishers which do not appear on the CDS document but may be present on individual publishers' surveys.

\*Academic advisement: Plan under which each student is assigned to a faculty member or a trained adviser, who, through regular meetings, helps the student plan and implement immediate and long-term academic and vocational goals.

**Accelerated program:** Completion of a college program of study in fewer than the usual number of years, most often by attending summer sessions and carrying extra courses during the regular academic term.

**Admitted student:** Applicant who is offered admission to a degree-granting program at your institution.

\*Adult student services: Admission assistance, support, orientation, and other services expressly for adults who have started college for the first time, or who are re-entering after a lapse of a few years.

American Indian or Alaska Native: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North America and who maintains cultural identification through tribal affiliation or community recognition.

**Applicant (first-time, first-year):** An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution).

**Application fee:** That amount of money that an institution charges for processing a student's application for acceptance. This amount is *not* creditable toward tuition and required fees, nor is it refundable if the student is not admitted to the institution.

**Asian or Pacific Islander:** A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, the Indian Subcontinent, or Pacific Islands. This includes people from China, Japan, Korea, the Philippine Islands, American Samoa, India, and Vietnam.

**Associate degree:** An award that normally requires at least two but less than four years of full-time equivalent college work.

**Bachelor's degree:** An award (baccalaureate or equivalent degree, as determined by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Education) that normally requires at least four years but *not* more than five years of full-time equivalent college-level work. This includes ALL bachelor's degrees conferred in a five-year cooperative (work-study plan) program. (A cooperative plan provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government; thus, it allows students to combine actual work experience with their college studies.) Also, it includes bachelor's degrees in which the normal four years of work are completed in three years.

**Black**, **non-Hispanic:** A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa (except those of Hispanic origin).

**Board (charges):** Assume average cost for 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan.

**Books and supplies (costs):** Average cost of books and supplies. Do not include unusual costs for special groups of students (e.g., engineering or art majors), unless they constitute the majority of students at your institution.

**Calendar system:** The method by which an institution structures most of its courses for the academic year.

\*Career and placement services: A range of services, including (often) the following: coordination of visits of employers to campus; aptitude and vocational testing; interest inventories, personal counseling; help in resume writing, interviewing, launching the job search; listings for those students desiring employment and those seeking permanent positions; establishment of a permanent reference folder; career resource materials.

**Carnegie units:** One year of study or the equivalent in a secondary school subject.

Certificate: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

**Class rank:** The relative numerical position of a student in his or her graduating class, calculated by the high school on the basis of grade-point average, whether weighted or unweighted.

College-preparatory program: Courses in academic subjects (English, history and social studies, foreign languages, mathematics, science, and the arts) that stress preparation for college or university study.

**Common Application:** The standard application form distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals for a large number of private colleges who are members of the Common Application Group.

\*Community service program: Referral center for students wishing to perform volunteer work in the community or participate in volunteer activities coordinated by academic departments.

**Commuter:** A student who lives off campus in housing that is not owned by, operated by, or affiliated with the college. This category includes students who commute from home and students who have moved to the area to attend college.

**Contact hour:** A unit of measure that represents an hour of scheduled instruction given to students. Also referred to as clock hour.

Continuous basis (for program enrollment): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that enroll students at any time during the academic year. For example, a cosmetology school or a word processing school might allow students to enroll and begin studies at various times, with no requirement that classes begin on a certain date.

**Cooperative housing:** College-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing in which students share room and board expenses and participate in household chores to reduce living expenses.

Cooperative (work-study plan) program: A program that provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government.

\*Counseling service: Activities designed to assist students in making plans and decisions related to their education, career, or personal development.

**Credit:** Recognition of attendance or performance in an instructional activity (course or program) that can be applied by a recipient toward the requirements for a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

**Credit course:** A course that, if successfully completed, can be applied toward the number of courses required for achieving a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

**Credit hour:** A unit of measure representing an hour (50 minutes) of instruction over a 15-week period in a semester or trimester system or a 10-week period in a quarter system. It is applied toward the total number of hours needed for completing the requirements of a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

**Cross-registration:** A system whereby students enrolled at one institution may take courses at another institution without having to apply to the second institution.

**Deferred admission:** The practice of permitting admitted students to postpone enrollment, usually for a period of one academic term or one year.

**Degree:** An award conferred by a college, university, or other postsecondary education institution as official recognition for the successful completion of a program of studies.

**Degree-seeking students:** Students enrolled in courses for credit who are recognized by the institution as seeking a degree or formal award. At the undergraduate level, this is intended to include students enrolled in vocational or occupational programs.

**Differs by program (calendar system):** A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that have occupational/vocational programs of varying length. These schools may enroll students at specific times depending on the program desired. For example, a school might offer a two-month program in January, March, May, September, and November; and a three-month program in January, April, and October.

Diploma: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

**Distance learning:** An option for earning course credit at off-campus locations via cable television, Internet, satellite classes, videotapes, correspondence courses, or other means.

**Doctoral degree:** The highest award a student can earn for graduate study. The doctoral degree classification includes such degrees as Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, Doctor of Public Health, and the Doctor of Philosophy degree in any field such as agronomy, food technology, education, engineering, public administration, ophthalmology, or radiology. For the Doctor of Public Health degree, the prior degree is generally earned in the closely related field of medicine or in sanitary engineering.

**Double major:** Program in which students may complete two undergraduate programs of study simultaneously.

**Dual enrollment:** A program through which high school students may enroll in college courses while still enrolled in high school. Students are not required to apply for admission to the college in order to participate.

**Early action plan:** An admission plan that allows students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification dates. If admitted, the candidate is not committed to enroll; the student may reply to the offer under the college's regular reply policy.

**Early admission:** A policy under which students who have not completed high school are admitted and enroll full time in college, usually after completion of their junior year.

Early decision plan: A plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision (and financial aid offer if applicable) well in advance of the regular notification date. Applicants agree to accept an offer of admission and, if admitted, to withdraw their applications from other colleges. There are three possible decisions for early decision applicants: admitted, denied, or not admitted but forwarded for consideration with the regular application pool, without prejudice.

**English as a Second Language (ESL):** A course of study designed specifically for students whose native language is not English.

Exchange student program-domestic: Any arrangement between a student and a college that permits study for a semester or more at another college in the United States without extending the amount of time required for a degree. See also Study abroad.

**External degree program:** A program of study in which students earn credits toward a degree through independent study, college courses, proficiency

examinations, and personal experience. External degree programs require minimal or no classroom attendance.

Extracurricular activities (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admissions process given for participation in both school and nonschool-related activities of interest to the college, such as clubs, hobbies, student government, athletics, performing arts, etc.

**First professional certificate (postdegree):** An award that requires completion of an organized program of study designed for persons who have completed the first professional degree. Examples could be refresher courses or additional units of study in a specialty or subspecialty.

**First professional degree:** An award in one of the following fields: chiropractic (DC, DCM), dentistry (DDS, DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), rabbinical and Talmudic studies (MHL, Rav), Pharmacy (BPharm, PharmD), podiatry (PodD, DP, DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), law (LLB, JD), divinity/ministry (BD, MDiv).

**First-time student:** A student attending any institution for the first time at the level enrolled. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended a postsecondary institution for the first time at the same level in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credit earned before graduation from high school).

**First-time, first-year (freshman) student:** A student attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school).

**First-year student:** A student who has completed less than the equivalent of 1 full year of undergraduate work; that is, less than 30 semester hours (in a 120-hour degree program) or less than 900 contact hours.

**Freshman:** A first-year undergraduate student.

\*Freshman/new student orientation: Orientation addressing the academic, social, emotional, and intellectual issues involved in beginning college. May be a few hours or a few days in length; at some colleges, there is a fee.

**Full-time student (undergraduate):** A student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, 12 or more quarter credits, or 24 or more contact hours a week each term.

Geographical residence (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process given to students from a particular region, state, or country of residence.

Grade-point average (academic high school GPA): The sum of grade points a student has earned in secondary school divided by the number of courses taken. The most common system of assigning numbers to grades counts four points for an A, three points for a B, two points for a C, one point for a D, and no points for an E or F. Unweighted GPAs/assign the same weight to each course. Weighting gives students additional points for their grades in advanced or honors courses.

**Graduate student:** A student who holds a bachelor's or first professional degree, or equivalent, and is taking courses at the post-baccalaureate level.

\*Health services: Free or low cost on-campus primary and preventive health care available to students.

**High school diploma or recognized equivalent:** A document certifying the successful completion of a prescribed secondary school program of studies, or the attainment of satisfactory scores on the Test of General Educational Development (GED), or another state-specified examination.

**Hispanic:** A person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.

**Honors program:** Any special program for very able students offering the opportunity for educational enrichment, independent study, acceleration, or some combination of these.

**Independent study:** Academic work chosen or designed by the student with the approval of the department concerned, under an instructor's supervision, and usually undertaken outside of the regular classroom structure.

**In-state tuition:** The tuition charged by institutions to those students who meet the state's or institution's residency requirements.

International students: See Nonresident alien.

**Internship:** Any short-term, supervised work experience usually related to a student's major field, for which the student earns academic credit. The work can be full- or part-time, on- or off-campus, paid or unpaid.

\*Learning center: Center offering assistance through tutors, workshops, computer programs, or audiovisual equipment in reading, writing, math, and skills such as taking notes, managing time, taking tests.

\*Legal services: Free or low cost legal advice for a range of issues (personal and other).

**Liberal arts/career combination:** Program in which a student earns undergraduate degrees in two separate fields, one in a liberal arts major and the other in a professional or specialized major, whether on campus or through cross-registration.

**Master's degree:** An award that requires the successful completion of a program of study of at least the full-time equivalent of one but not more than two academic years of work beyond the bachelor's degree.

**Minority affiliation (as admission factor):** Special consideration in the admission process for members of designated racial/ethnic minority groups.

\*Minority student center: Center with programs, activities, and/or services intended to enhance the college experience of students of color.

**Nonresident alien:** A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.

\*On-campus day care: Licensed day care for students' children (usually age 3 and up); usually for a fee.

**Open admission:** Admission policy under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications.

Other expenses (costs): Include average costs for clothing, laundry, entertainment, medical (if not a required fee), and furnishings.

**Out-of-state tuition:** The tuition charged by institutions to those students who do not meet the institution's or state's residency requirements.

**Part-time student (undergraduate):** A student enrolled for fewer than 12 credits per semester or quarter, or fewer than 24 contact hours a week each term.

\*Personal counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore personal, educational, or vocational issues.

**Post-baccalaureate certificate:** An award that requires completion of an organized program of study requiring 18 credit hours beyond the bachelor's; designed for persons who have completed a baccalaureate degree but do not meet the requirements of academic degrees carrying the title of master.

**Post-master's certificate:** An award that requires completion of an organized program of study of 24 credit hours beyond the master's degree but does not meet the requirements of academic degrees at the doctoral level.

**Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma:** Includes the following three IPEDS definitions for postsecondary awards, certificates, and diplomas of varying durations and credit/contact hour requirements --

Less Than 1 Academic Year: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in less than 1 academic year (2 semesters or 3 quarters) or in less than 900 contact hours by a student enrolled full-time.

At Least 1 But Less Than 2 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 1 but less than 2 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 30 but less than 60 credit hours, or in at least 900 but less than 1,800 contact hours.

At Least 2 But Less Than 4 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 2 but less than 4 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 40 but less than 120 credit hours, or in at least 1,800 but less than 3,600 contact hours.

**Private institution:** An educational institution controlled by a private individual(s) or by a nongovernmental agency, usually supported primarily by other than public funds, and operated by other than publicly elected or appointed officials.

**Private for-profit institution:** A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk.

**Private nonprofit institution:** A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives no compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk. These include both independent nonprofit schools and those affiliated with a religious organization.

Proprietary institution: See Private for-profit institution.

**Public institution:** An educational institution whose programs and activities are operated by publicly elected or appointed school officials, and which is supported primarily by public funds.

**Quarter calendar system:** A calendar system in which the academic year consists of three sessions called quarters of about 12 weeks each. The range may be from 10 to 15 weeks. There may be an additional quarter in the summer.

**Race/ethnicity:** Category used to describe groups to which individuals belong, identify with, or belong in the eyes of the community. The categories do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. A person may be counted in only one group.

Race/ethnicity unknown: Category used to classify students or employees whose race/ethnicity is not known and whom institutions are unable to place in one of the specified racial/ethnic categories.

**Religious affiliation/commitment (as admission factor):** Special consideration given in the admission process for affiliation with a certain church or faith/religion, commitment to a religious vocation, or observance of certain religious tenets/lifestyle.

\*Religious counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore religious problems or issues.

\*Remedial services: Instructional courses designed for students deficient in the general competencies necessary for a regular postsecondary curriculum and educational setting.

**Required fees:** Fixed sum charged to students for items not covered by tuition and required of such a large proportion of all students that the student who does NOT pay is the exception. Do not include application fees or optional fees such as lab fees or parking fees.

Resident alien or other eligible non-citizen: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who has been admitted as a legal immigrant for the purpose of obtaining permanent resident alien status (and who holds either an alien registration card [Form I-551 or I-15], a Temporary Resident Card [Form I-688], or an Arrival-Departure Record [Form I-94] with a notation that conveys legal immigrant status, such as Section 207 Refugee, Section 208 Asylee, conditional Entrant Parolee or Cuban-Haitian).

**Room and board (charges)--on campus:** Assume double occupancy in institutional housing and 19 meals per week (or maximum meal plan).

**Secondary school record (as admission factor):** Information maintained by the secondary school that may include such things as the student's high school transcript, class rank, GPA, and teacher and counselor recommendations.

**Semester calendar system:** A calendar system that consists of two semesters during the academic year with about 16 weeks for each semester of instruction. There may be an additional summmer session.

**Student-designed major:** A program of study based on individual interests, designed with the assistance of an adviser.

**Study abroad:** Any arrangement by which a student completes part of the college program studying in another country. Can be at a campus abroad or through a cooperative agreement with some other U.S. college or an institution of another country.

\*Summer session: A summer session is shorter than a regular semester and not considered part of the academic year. It is not the third term of an institution operating on a trimester system or the fourth term of an institution operating on a quarter calendar system. The institution may have 2 or more sessions occurring in the summer months. Some schools, such as vocational and beauty schools, have year-round classes with no separate summer session.

**Talent/ability (as admission factor):** Special consideration given to students with demonstrated talent/abilities in areas of interest to the institution (e.g., sports, the arts, languages, etc.).

**Teacher certification program:** Program designed to prepare students to meet the requirements for certification as teachers in elementary, middle/junior high, and secondary schools.

**Transfer applicant:** An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has previously attended another college or university and earned college-level credit.

**Transfer student:** A student entering the institution for the first time but known to have previously attended a postsecondary institution at the same level (e.g., undergraduate). The student may transfer with or without credit.

**Transportation (costs):** Assume two round trips to student's hometown per year for students in institutional housing or daily travel to and from your institution for commuter students.

**Trimester calendar system:** An academic year consisting of 3 terms of about 15 weeks each.

**Tuition:** Amount of money charged to students for instructional services. Tuition may be charged per term, per course, or per credit.

\*Tutoring: May range from one-on-one tutoring in specific subjects to tutoring in an area such as math, reading, or writing. Most tutors are college students; at some colleges, they are specially trained and certified.

**Unit:** A standard of measurement representing hours of academic instruction (e.g., semester credit, quarter credit, contact hour).

**Undergraduate:** A student enrolled in a four- or five-year bachelor's degree program, an associate degree program, or a vocational or technical program below the baccalaureate.

\*Veteran's counseling: Helps veterans and their dependents obtain benefits for their selected program and provides certifications to the Veteran's Administration. May also provide personal counseling on the transition from the military to a civilian life.

\*Visually impaired: Any person whose sight loss is not correctable and is sufficiently severe as to adversely affect educational performance.

**Volunteer work (as admission factor):** Special consideration given to students for activity done on a volunteer basis (e.g., tutoring, hospital care, working with the elderly or disabled) as a service to the community or the public in general.

**Wait list:** List of students who meet the admission requirements but will only be offered a place in the class if space becomes available.

**Weekend college:** A program that allows students to take a complete course of study and attend classes only on weekends.

White, non-Hispanic: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, North Africa, or the Middle East (except those of Hispanic origin).

\*Women's center: Center with programs, academic activities, and/or services intended to promote an understanding of the evolving roles of women.

**Work experience (as admission factor):** Special consideration given to students who have been employed prior to application, whether for relevance to major, demonstration of employment-related skills, or as explanation of student's academic and extracurricular record.

#### Financial aid defininitions

**Financial aid applicant:** Any applicant who submits **any one of** the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

**Indebtedness:** Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan programs (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution.

**Institutional and external funds:** Endowment, alumni, or external monies for which the institution determines the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

**Financial need:** As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

**Need-based aid:** College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and noninstitutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

**Need-based gift aid:** Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

**Need-based self-help aid:** Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

**Non-need-based gift aid:** Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds, or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

# Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants
Non-need tuition waivers
Non-need athletic awards
Non-need federal grants
Non-need state grants
Non-need outside grants
Non-need student loans
Non-need parent loans
Non-need work

**Non-need-based self-help aid:** Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

**Scholarships/grants from external sources:** Monies received from outside (private) sources that the student brings with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

**Work study and employment:** Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.